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Lisbon, Aug. 3.

THE Infanta, who has been very much indisposed, and has been let blood seven or eight times, is now pretty well again. The last Week arrived here an Express from *Turin*, sent by the Duke of *Cadaval*, to give the Prince-Regent an account of the continuance of the Duke of *Savoy*'s illness, and to desire his Orders concerning the Fleet, upon which his Highness has caused publick Prayers to be made for his recovery; and the Express was sent back with directions that the Fleet should continue at *Villa-Franca* till the Duke is recovered.

Naples, Aug. 18. On Friday last the Mountain *Vesuvius*, which made so great a ravage in 1635, began to cast out most terrible Vapours, mixed with Fire and Flame, and accompanied with a horrible noise, which continued from about two a Clock in the Afternoon, till two hours after Sunset. On Saturday in the Evening, Monday Morning, and the last night, it did the like, filling all the Neighborhood with fear and amazement, who were forced to leave their Houses, that were covered with Fire and Ashes. The damage it has done is very considerable, the Vines and other Fruit-streets being spoiled, and the Ashes that came out of the Mountain being spread by the Wind for 12 Miles distance towards *San Leverin*.

Dantzick, Sept. 3. From *Poland* we have advice, That the Emperor's Minister at that Court, having understood that considerable returns of money had been made from thence to the Rebels in *Hungary*, by the Sieur *Vergue*, a French Man, had complained thereof to the King, who had thereupon commanded the said *de Vergue*, who resided at that Court, forthwith to leave it, and to depart the Kingdom, his Majesty declaring, That he would not countenance the giving any assistance to the said Rebels, but would hinder all those he had any power over from doing it. Our Letters have come of late very irregularly from *Moscovy*, and our advices have been uncertain, for now the report of Czar *John*'s having killed his younger Brother *Peter* is contradicted again, and we are told that those Princes continue to Reign together, and that things are still in great disorder at that Court, and new troubles are feared, which makes many of the Boyars, and others of the great Men, withdraw, and endeavour to shelter themselves in a private life. That several of the foreign Merchants have retired with their Goods to *Archangel*; and that the two Czars were likewise gone from *Moskow*, to pass some time in the Country, leaving the Government of that City in the hands of General *Gowanski*, who was well esteemed of by the Soldiers.

Vienna, August 30. From *Hungary* we have advice, that the Rebels have, since the taking of *Caschaw* and *Esperies*, made themselves Masters of *Leutschaw*, *Bortz*, and *Zendre*; and that the Turks are divided into two Bodies, that the one Besieges *Villecke*, and the other *Tockay*. That General *Strasoldo* having joined another Body of Imperialists, who drew together on the River *Waag*, was marched to the relief of *Villecke*. And that Count *Teckeley* had written to the Governor of *Novin*, a Fortress belonging to the Crown of *Poland*, to desire his Troops might have a free passage into *Silesia*, which the said Governor refused. The Emperor intends to go and pass some time at *Eberstorf*, and has ordered more Troops to march to *Hungary*, and the Militia of that Kingdom to be raised, which the Palatin is to command shortly, or in conjunction of the Imperial Army, as there shall be occasion.

Cologne, Sept. 8. On Friday last we received the ill News that the City of *Caschaw* in *Hungary* is surrendred to Count *Teckely*, who made his Entry into the place, accompanied with the Visier of *Offen*, on the 14th past. That the same day Count *Teckely* had caused part of his Forces to March towards *Esperies*, which place, upon their coming before it, submitted without any resistance, the Imperial Garison, which consisted of 200 Men, having before abandoned it. That afterwards the Hungarians Marched towards *Leutschaw*, and the Turks towards the Berg-Towns, and that the Garisons which Count *Teckely* had put into *Caschaw* and *Esperies*, consisted wholly of *Hungarians*. And this morning we had Letters from *Vienna* of the 30th past, which give an account, That General *Caprara*, and the Count of *Starenberg*, General of the Artillery, parted the 26th, to go to the Imperial Camp at *Gutta*, not far from *Neuhausel*; and that on the 28th, they received at *Vienna* the news, That the Imperial Garison, which consisted of 1200 Men, had quitted *Leutschaw*, and that the City as well as *Caschaw*, *Esperies*, and *Bartz*, had been forced to do Homage to Count *Teckely*, under the Title of their King; That the Turks had demolished the Castle of *Palanke*, and did besiege the Town of *Villecke*, which if they took, they intended to put a Turkish Garison into it. The Bishop of *Strasburg* is expected here the next Week.

Strasburg, Sept. 4. The Bishop of this place is expected at *Saverne* in a day or two, where he will stay till Monsieur *de Louvoy* arrives in these parts, and then he will go to *Cologne*. We have advice that 6000 Imperialists, who came from *Tyrol*, are arrived at *Villingen*, *Waldshut*, *Seckingen*, and the other Forest-Towns, and that Count *Lesley*, who Commands them, has sent to the Magistrates of *Offenburg*, to let them know that they must receive a Garison into the place, and provide Quarters for them.

Brussels, Sept. 15. His Excellency the Marquiss *de Grana* is in *Flanders*, where he will continue till the end of this Week. He staid at *Gaunt* till yesterday, and from thence went to *Bruges*, where his main